

## **Enforcement and Recall**

A thematic inspection by HM Inspectorate of Probation



Probation services - Community Rehabilitation Companies (CRCs) and National Probation Service (NPS) - supervise individuals sentenced by the court, either on a community sentence or as part of a licence or supervision following release from prison.

Probation workers must weigh up what is best for society and the individual when someone under probation supervision does not comply with probation requirements, and refer individuals back to court or recall them to prison when appropriate.





decisions were appropriate. However, it was a mixed picture for community cases, with CRC case management being insufficient to support good enforcement decisions.

In this inspection we found that almost all NPS and CRC recall

"Overall, recall was appropriate, even when the individual had not committed a further offence. There is still every reason to be anxious about CRC enforcement, however. We found that NPS cases were sufficiently well-managed, whereas too many CRC cases were not. While it seems odd that we found CRCs notably better at recall than enforcement, this may be because licence cases tended to be allocated to more experienced and qualified probation officers." HM Chief Inspector of Probation Dame Glenys Stacey – February 2018

29,718 Community orders or suspended sentence orders returned to court due to failures to comply, further offences or other reasons in the year to March 2017

> completed satisfactorily (2016/2017)

Community orders

**CONTEXT** 

Offenders on probation supervision at the end

**268,062** 

of March 2017

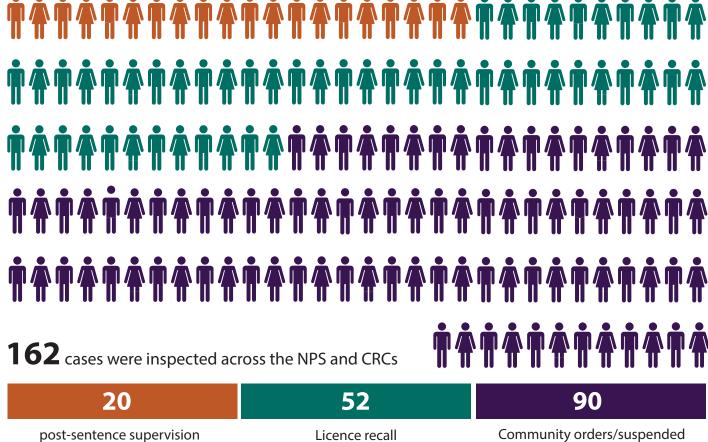
Licence recalls in the year to March 2017

21,721

who had served a sentence of less than 12 months

The proportion of these recalls

OUR INSPECTION



187

staff and

managers were

interviewed

CRC

**37%** 

**58%** 

service users

sentence orders

were interviewed

# WHAT WE FOUND **Enforcement of Community Orders/Suspended Sentences**

Good quality assessment?

Appropriate decisions about

absences/behaviour?

Appropriate decision to return to court?

Were alternative approaches considered?

**Licence Recall** 

Good quality assessment?

**NPS** 83%

85%

86%

**42%** 

CRC

48%

**62%** 

**NPS** 

96%

63%

89%

Appropriate decisions about

absences/behaviour?

96%

92%

89%

**64%** 

RECOMMENDATIONS

Were alternative approaches

considered?

Appropriate decision to return to prison?

83%

Post sentence supervision

### Our sample found complex needs and a number stuck in the revolving door between prison and the community.

# **Her Majesty's Government should:**

individuals with complex needs effectively.

Her Majesty's Prison and Probation Service should: set expectations that Community Rehabilitation Companies and the National

ensure that probation services are sufficiently resourced to supervise

Probation Service develop partnership-based approaches with key local stakeholders to manage those released from prison on licence.

**Community Rehabilitation Companies should:** ensure effective assessment and planned and purposeful levels of face-to-face

contact with those under probation supervision.

- **Community Rehabilitation Companies and the National Probation Service** should:
- planning of their sentence jointly develop local partnerships that directly address service users' needs in

develop practice which engages individuals in the processes of assessment and

relation to accommodation, health, education and substance misuse • jointly develop local services which are accessible to those with diverse needs, particularly women.